



Home work

20. _____ festival is commonly celebrated among the Igbo.

- ☒ A. New Yam
- B. New Eyo
- C. New Ogun
- D. NeKwagh-Hir

Section B: Essay Questions

1. Differentiate between a biography and an autobiography.
2. List five cultural festivals and their locations in Nigeria.
3. Explain the different places where historical materials can be accessed.

Stop

Home work



15. Memoranda are examples of _____ sources of history.
- A. nursery
 - B. primary
 - C. secondary
 - ☒ D. tertiary
16. _____ are buildings that house artefacts and historical materials.
- A. Archives
 - B. Libraries
 - C. Exhibitions
 - ☒ D. Museums
17. _____ is referred to as a public display of artworks and historical materials.
- A. Museum
 - B. Library
 - ☒ C. Exhibition
 - D. Curator
18. _____ is a place where printed and non-printed materials are kept.
- A. Museum
 - ☒ B. Library
 - C. Archive
 - D. Historical site
19. Argungu festival is celebrated annually in _____ State.
- ☒ A. Kebbi
 - B. Oyo
 - C. Edo
 - D. Anambra



Home work

10. Research work conducted by a student as part of the requirements for the award of a certificate or a degree is called
- A. postgraduate research.
 - B. undergraduate research.
 - ☒ C. students' project.
 - D. biography.
11. A research work conducted by a postgraduate student as part of the requirements for the award of a degree is called
- A. postgraduate research.
 - B. undergraduate research.
 - C. students' project.
 - ☒ D. thesis.
12. A brief public notice issued usually from an authoritative source is called
- ☒ A. bulletin.
 - B. memorandum.
 - C. government publications.
 - D. white paper.
13. _____ is a short message used for internal communication in an organisation.
- A. A memorandum
 - ☒ B. A memoranda
 - C. A news report
 - D. A bulletin
14. Another name for memorandum is
- A. news.
 - B. bulletins.
 - ☒ C. memo.
 - D. blue paper.

Home work



5. Biographies are examples of _____ sources of history.
- A. nursery
 - B. primary
 - ☒ C. secondary
 - D. tertiary
6. Autobiographies are examples of _____ sources of history.
- A. nursery
 - B. primary
 - ☒ C. secondary
 - D. tertiary
7. The story of a person written by himself or herself is called
- A. unauthorised biography.
 - B. collective biography
 - ☒ C. autobiography.
 - D. biography subject.
8. _____ is a short book.
- A. Journal
 - B. Periodical
 - ☒ C. Monograph
 - D. Encyclopaedia
9. Which of these is not a periodical?
- ☒ A. Textbook
 - B. Magazine
 - C. Newsletter
 - D. Newspaper

Section A: Multiple Choice Questions

Choose the correct answer to each of these questions.

1. All the following are government publications except
 - A. commissions of inquiry report.
 - B. white paper.
 - C. gazette.
 - ☒ D. publication.
2. All these are types of government reports except
 - A. bills, budget, and planning documents.
 - B. parliamentary and committee reports.
 - ☒ C. private documents and students' report card.
 - D. government gazettes and memoranda.
3. Government publications are important secondary sources of history because they
 - ☒ A. contain vital information from the government.
 - B. are from storytellers in government offices.
 - C. are written by powerful people.
 - D. are very fallible.
4. An account of someone's life written by someone else is called
 - ☒ A. biography.
 - B. historical account.
 - C. autobiography.
 - D. ghost writing.

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History (Page 46-50)

Essay questions:

1) Differentiate between a biography and an autobiography.

Ans A biography is an account of someone's life written by someone else while an autobiography is an account of someone's life written by him/herself.

2) List five (5) cultural festivals in Nigeria and their locations.

Ans a) Eyo Festival: Lagos state. d) Argungu Fishing Festival: Kebbi State
b) Kati Festival: Taraba State. e) Osun Oshogbo Festival: Osun State
c) New Yam Festival: Igboland.

3) Explain the different places where historical materials can be accessed.

Ans a) Excursion: An excursion is an educational field trip, visit or journey to places of historical sites.

b) Libraries: These are places where printed and non-printed materials are kept for easy access and usage.

c) Exhibition: An exhibition is a public display of artwork, cultural and historical materials in an art gallery, a museum or at a trade fair.

d) Museums: These are buildings that house artefacts and other objects of artistic, cultural and historical importance.

e) Cultural Festivals: Cultural festivals are festivals that have religious, cultural, political and economic significance to the society which are usually celebrated annually.