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Class: SSS1 ARTS

Subject: English Language

1. What is a phrase?

A phrase is a group of words without a finite verb.

b. Mention relevant examples of the forms of phrases.

- i. Noun phrase: Examples include:
 - a. <u>Her father</u> is the principal.
 - b. Our school is beautiful.
 - c. The new student is attractive

ii. <u>Adjectival phrase</u>: Examples include:

- a. The girl is very polite.
- b. Tolu is **quite intelligent**.
- c. Bisi is rather disrespectful.
- iii. Prepositional phrase: Examples include:
 - a. I found my bag <u>under the bed</u>.
 - b. The lamp is on the table.
 - c. Timmy jumped over the fence.
- iv. Adverbial phrase: Examples include:
 - a. He is <u>always</u> punctual.
 - b. I arrived at <u>9:00pm</u> in London.
 - c. I will visit <u>whenever</u> I can.

SYNONYMS	ANTONYMS
1. These are words that are similar or nearly	1. These are words that are opposite in
similar in meaning.	meaning.
2. They can be used in replacement of	2. They cannot be used in replacement of
another.	another as they are opposite in meaning.
3. Examples include:	3. Examples include:
Start-begin, commence	Start-stop, finish, end
Finish-end, stop	Urban-rural

b. Give five examples each of synonyms and antonyms.

Synonyms:

Valuable - important, precious, essential.

Require- need.

Persuade- convince.

Keep - store.

Smart - wise, clever.

Antonyms:

Love – hate.

Ugly – pretty, beautiful.

Rough – smooth.

Old – new, modern.

Happy – sad.

3. What is a phrasal verb?

It is a verb that contains two or three words where the first word is a verb and the second or third word is a particle.

B i. Break up.

ii. Take up.

iii. Look after.

iv. Fall through.

v. Fall into.

vi. Take out.

vii. Get by.

viii. Call for.

ix. Put away.

x. Bring up.